

May 18, 2016

Ms. Erin McCoy Remedial Project Manager U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 11201 Renner Blvd Lenexa, Kansas 66219

Subject:

Quality Assurance Project Plan for Site Characterization Sampling Activities

Des Moines TCE Site, Des Moines, Iowa

U.S. EPA Region 7 START 4, Contract No. EP-S7-13-06, Task Order No. 0144

Task Monitor: Erin McCoy

Dear Ms. McCoy:

Tetra Tech, Inc. is submitting the attached Quality Assurance Project Plan for site characterization sampling activities at the Des Moines TCE Site in Des Moines, Iowa. If you have any questions or comments, please contact me at (816) 412-1767.

Sincerely,

Mike Williams

START Project Manager

Ted Faile, PG, CHMM

START Program Manager

**Enclosures** 

cc: Debra Dorsey, START Project Officer (cover letter only)

# QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN FOR SITE CHARACTERIZATION SAMPLING ACTIVITIES AT THE DES MOINES TCE SITE DES MOINES, IOWA

Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team (START) 4 Contract No. EP-S7-13-06, Task Order 0144

#### Prepared For:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 7 Superfund Division/Special Emphasis Remedial Branch 11201 Renner Blvd. Lenexa, Kansas 66219

May 18, 2016

Prepared By:

Tetra Tech, Inc. 415 Oak Street Kansas City, Missouri 64106 (816) 412-1741

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**FIGURES** 

Addendum to th	ne Generic QAPP f	Region 7 Superfor Superfund Site		Targe	eted Brownfield			ıs (upc	lated Oc	tober 2012).	
	and the second		Project In	forma	ition:						
Site Name: Des Moines	TCE Site		-	******		Location: 1	Des Moines	S		State: IA	*************
EPA Project Manager:	Erin McCoy					START Project Manager: Mike Williams					
Approved By:							•				
Title:	START Project	Manager	Date:			Prepared F	or: EPA R	egion '	7 Superfu	and Division/S	necial
Approved By:	<u> </u>		I			Emphasis R			, corporate		P
Title:	START Program	n Manager	Date:			1					
Approved By:		<u> </u>	<b>i</b>								
Title:	START QA Ma	nager	Date:			Prepared B	v: John Si	mnson			
Approved By:		8				Date: May		просп	•		
Title:	EPA Project Ma	nager	Date:			†					
Approved By:	2111110jeet 1110										
Title:	EPA Region 7 (	)A Manager	Date:			Tetra Tech	START P	roject	Number	: X9025.16.01	144.000
THE	Diff Region / C	Manager 211 Wanager									
			1.0 Project I	Vianaș	gement:						
1.1 Distribution List											
	n McCoy, EPA Proj ne Harris, EPA Reg				Tetra Te	ch START:	Mike Will Kathy Hor				
1.2 Project/Task Organ Erin McCoy, of the EPz this QAPP. Mike Willi	A Region 7 Superfur ams, of Tetra Tech,						Project Mar	nager f	for the act	tivities describ	oed in
1.3 Problem Definition	/Background:										
Description: This site-sp. Assessment and Targeted described herein.  Description attached Description in refere	Brownfields Assess										
☐ Description in refere	enced report.	Title				Date					
		Titic				Date					
1.4 Project/Task Descr	ription:										
☐ CERCLA PA ☑ Other (description a	ttached):	CERCLA SI Pre-CERCLIS	Site Screening		Brownfields A Removal Site			Remo	oval Actio	on	
Other Description: Supple	emental Remedial In	vestigation									
Schedule: Field activities	are anticipated to o	ccur in June 2016.									
☐ Description in refere	enced report:										
Description in refere	енеей героп.	Titl	le		-	Date					
1.5 Quality Objectives	and Criteria for M	leasurement Data:									
a. Accuracy:							<b>I</b> ⊠	Ide	entified in	attached table	e.
b. Precision:									entified in	attached table	e.
c. Representativeness:							×	Ide	entified in	attached table	e.
d. Completeness*:							<u> </u>	-	entified in	attached table	e.
e. Comparability:									entified in	attached table	e.
Other Description:  *A completeness goal or designess based on any							not met, El	-			

	Region 7 Superfund Pro Addendum to the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessi for tl		d Brownfields Assess					
1.6	Special Training/Certification Requirements:							
×	OSHA 1910 Special Equipment/Instrument Operato	or (describe below)	: 1	Other (describe below):				
Alor	g with the training listed above, familiarization with a photoionizati	on detector and its	operating procedures	will be necessary for the Tetra Tech START team.				
1.7	Documentation and Records:							
XX		Report r Report	Site Maps Photos	☐ Video				
XX X	Sample documentation will follow EPA Region 7 SOP 2420.05. A copy of this QAPP and any future amendments will be available EPA.	to all personnel th	nroughout sampling a	ctivities. Original documents will be maintained by				
×	Other: Analytical information will be handled according to proced	ures identified in T	Table 2.					
	2.0 Measu	rement and Data	Acquisition:					
2.1	Sampling Process Design:		***************************************					
	Random Sampling							
Ø	Other (Provide rationale behind each sample): See Appendix A for additional sampling information.							
In su	The proposed sampling scheme will be biased/judgmental sampling with definitive laboratory analysis, in accordance with the <i>Guidance for Performing Site Inspections Under CERCLA</i> , Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) Directive #9345.1-05, September 1992. Judgmental sampling is subjective (biased) selection of sampling locations based on historical information, visual inspection, and best professional judgment of sampler(s).  Exact sample locations will be determined during reconnaissance activities in the field. The proposed number of samples is a balance between cost and coverage, and represents a reasonable attempt to meet the study objectives while staying within the budget constraints of a typical site investigation.							
	ple Summary Location	Matrix	# of Samples*	Analysis				
Stru sam	dings 1, 2, 3, and Production Building – Building Foundation ctures (i.e. concrete slab floors, steel structural beams) (3-4 ples per building plus up to 20 additional samples collected at the cess Building)	Wipe Samples	36	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB), dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides				
insu	dings 1, 2, 3, and Production Building – Building Materials (i.e. lation, brick, wood, etc.) (3-4 samples per building plus up to 20 tional samples collected at the Process Building)	Bulk Building Materials	36	PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides				
	dings 1-5, Maintenance Building, and Production Building – crete (2-4 locations per building)	Concrete	17	PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides				
slab	dings 1-5, Maintenance Building, and Production Building – Subsoil samples (2-4 locations per building, samples every 5 feet to of water table, approximately 20 to 25 feet below ground surface])	Soil	Up to 85**	VOCs, PCBs, dioxin, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides.				
Sou	th Pond Area – Sediment	Soil	10	Volatile organic compounds (VOC), PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides.				
Sou	th Pond Area – Surface water	Water	2	VOCs, PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides.				
Not	es: *QC and background samples are not included with these totals.  **Number of samples is based on depth to groundwater, up to		complete sample sum	nmary.				

2.2	Sample Methods Requirements:						
Mat	rix	Sampling Method	EPA SOP(s) or other Method				
Wipe	e Samples	Wipe samples will be collected from 100-square- centimeter areas by use of sterile gauze pads wetted with a solvent such as hexane.	EPA SOP 4231.2011				
Bulk	Building Materials	Samples of insulation, wood, and brick, etc., will be collected by use of scissors, chisel, or other appropriate hand tools.	EPA SOP 4231.2011 (modified)				
Conc	crete	Samples of concrete building foundation slabs will be collected by use of a direct-push technology (DPT) rig equipped with a hammer drill attachment.	EPA SOP 4231.2011 (modified)				
Soil		A DPT rig with a Macro-Core sampler will be used to advance soil borings. Soil samples will be collected at 5-foot intervals to the top of the water table at approximately 20 to 25 feet bgs.	EPA SOPs 4230.03, 4230.07, and 4231.2012				
Surfa	ace Soil and Sediment	Surface soil and sediment samples will be collected by use of a stainless steel hand auger and stainless steel spoons.	EPA SOP 4232.2016				
Wate	er – Surface water	Surface water samples will be collected directly into sample containers.	EPA SOP 4232.2013				
2.3	Sample Handling and Custody Requirem	ents:					
	Samples will be packaged and preserved in accordance with procedures defined in Region 7 EPA SOP 2420.06.  COC will be maintained as directed by Region 7 EPA SOP 2420.04.  Samples submitted to the EPA Region 7 laboratory will be accepted according to Region 7 EPA SOP 2420.01.  Other (Describe): Samples will be accepted in accordance with procedures established by the START-subcontracted laboratories.						
2.4	Analytical Methods Requirements:						
	Identified in attached table. Rationale: The requested analyses have been selected based on historical information about the site and program experience with similar types of sites. Other (Describe):						
2.5	Quality Control Requirements						
	Not Applicable Identified in attached table. In accordance with the Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). Field QC Samples: For this investigation, field QC samples will include duplicates numbered at 5% of collected samples (1 duplicate per 20 samples of each matrix submitted to the lab), as well as one matrix/matrix spike duplicate. One field blank (water) of deionized (DI) water, provided by the EPA Region 7 laboratory, will be submitted with each cooler. The field blank will be collected to evaluate contamination of sampling containers and/or preservatives, and to assess contamination potentially introduced during sampling and laboratory procedure(s). One water trip blank will be prepared by the EPA Region 7 laboratory for use in evaluating contamination introduced during transportation of the containers/samples. One equipment rinsate blank will be collected per sampling device to evaluate decontamination procedures. Evaluation of blank samples depends on the levels of contamination found in environmental samples to determine whether the environmental samples are representative. Analytical results from blank samples will be evaluated on a qualitative basis by the EPA Project Manager and EPA contractor(s) to determine a general indication of field-introduced and/or lab-introduced contamination. All QC samples will be submitted for the analyses listed in the attached tables.						
	Other (Describe):						
2.6	Instrument/Equipment Testing, Inspection	on, and Maintenance Requirements:					
	October 2012). Testing, inspection, and maintenance of ana	urance Project Plan for Superfund Site Assessment and Targ lytical instrumentation will accord with the previously refer d instruments (Global Positioning System [GPS] units, PIDs	enced SOPs and/or manufacturers' recommendations.				

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#### Addendum to the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). for the Des Moines TCE Site Instrument Calibration and Frequency: Not Applicable $\boxtimes$ In accordance with the Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated Calibration of laboratory equipment will proceed as described in the previously referenced SOPs and/or manufacturers' recommendations. Other (Describe): Calibration checks of field instruments will occur daily, as specified in the manufacturers' recommendations Inspection/Acceptance Requirements for Supplies and Consumables: Not Applicable $\boxtimes$ In accordance with the Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). All sample containers will meet EPA criteria for cleaning procedures for low-level chemical analysis. Sample containers will have Level II certifications provided by the manufacturer in accordance with pre-cleaning criteria established by EPA in Specifications and Guidelines for Obtaining Contaminant-Free Containers. Other (Describe): 2.9 Data Acquisition Requirements: Not Applicable In accordance with the Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). Previous data or information pertaining to the site (including other analytical data, reports, photos, maps, etc., that are referenced in this QAPP) have been compiled by EPA and/or its contractor(s) from other sources. Some of that data have not been verified by EPA and/or its contractor(s); however, that unverified information will not be used for decision-making purposes by EPA without verification by an independent professional qualified to verify such data or information. Other (Describe): 2.10 Data Management: All data acquired by the EPA Region 7 laboratory will be managed in accordance with Region 7 EPA SOP 2410.01. Other (Describe): Laboratory data acquired at the START-subcontracted laboratory will be managed in accordance with its established procedures. 3.0 Assessment and Oversight: 3.1 Assessment and Response Actions: Peer Review Management Review ☐ Field Audit ■ Lab Audit Assessment and response actions pertaining to analytical phases of the project associated with the EPA Region 7 laboratory are eaddressed in Region 7 EPA SOPs 2430.06 and 2430.12. Other (Describe): Assessment and response actions pertaini ng to analytical phases of the project will accord with procedures established by the START-subcontracted laboratory 3.1A Corrective Action: Corrective actions will be at the discretion of the EPA Project Manager whenever problems appea r that could adversely affect data quality and/or resulting decisions affecting future response actions pertaining to the site. Other (Describe): 3.2 Reports to Management: ☐ Data Validation Report ☐ Project Status Report ■ None Required A letter report describing the sampling techniques, locations, problems encountered (with resolutions to those problems), and interpretation of analy tical results will be prepared by START and submitted to the EPA. Reports will be prepared in accordance with the Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). Other (Describe):

Region 7 Superfund Program/Special Emphasis Remedial Branch

	4.0 Data Validation and Usability:
4.1	Data Review, Validation, and Verification Requirements:
	Identified in attached table.  Data review and verification will accord with the Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012).  Data review and verification of analytical results generated by the EPA Region 7 laboratory will be performed by a qualified analyst and the laboratory's section manager as described in Region 7 EPA SOPs 2430.06, 2430.12, and 2410.10.  Other (Describe): Data review and verification of analytical results generated by the START-subcontracted laboratory will be performed by a qualified analyst and the laboratory's section manager as described in Region 7 EPA SOPs 2430.06, 2430.12, and 2410.10.
4.2	Validation and Verification Methods:
	Identified in attached table. The data generated by the EPA Region 7 laboratory will be validated in accordance with Region 7 EPA SOPs 2430.06, 2430.12, and 2410.10. The EPA Project Manager will inspect the data to provide a final review. The EPA Project Manager will review the data, if applicable, for laboratory spikes and duplicates, laboratory blanks, and field duplicates to ensure the data are acceptable. The EPA Project Manager will also compare the sample descriptions with field sheets for consistency, and will ensure appropriate documentation of any anomalies in the data.  Other (Describe): If any problems with field measurements or analytical data are identified by data verification/validation, the EPA Project Manager will be informed and the START Contractor will explain the circumstances of the problem, describe any corrective actions taken, and provide an opinion on the limitations and usefulness of the data.
4.3	Reconciliation with User Requirements:  Identified in attached table.  If data quality indicators do not most the region's acquirements as outlined in this OAPR the data may be discorded and as a compliant of the
	If data quality indicators do not meet the project's requirements as outlined in this QAPP, the data may be discarded and re subject samples may be required by the EPA Project Manager.  Other (Describe):  -sampling or re-analysis of the subject samples may be required by the EPA Project Manager.

#### **Table 1: Sample Summary** Site Name: Des Moines TCE Location: Des Moines, IA Date: May 2016 START Project Manager: Mike Williams Activity/ASR #: To be determined No. of Depth or other Requested Analytical Matrix Location Sampling Methods Purpose Method Samples Descriptor Analysis **Buildings 1-5, Maintenance Building, Production Building** To determine presence PCBs, dioxin, and Building Buildings 1, 2, 3, and and concentrations of EPA SOP EPA SOP 4231.2011 36 Wipe samples structural organochlorine Production Building PCBs, pesticides, and 3240.02 members pesticides dioxin Building To determine presence PCBs, dioxin, and materials (i.e. Buildings 1, 2, 3, and EPA SOPs4231.2011 EPA SOP Building and concentrations of 36 insulation. organochlorine Production Building (modified) 3240.02 Materials PCBs, pesticides, and brick, wood, pesticides dioxin etc.) Concrete slabs (Buildings To determine presence PCBs, dioxin, and EPA SOPs4231.2011 EPA SOP 1-5. Maintenance and concentrations of Not applicable 17 Concrete organochlorine Building, and Production PCBs, pesticides, and (NA) (modified) 3240.02 pesticides Building) dioxin VOCs, PCBs, DPT soil borings dioxin (uppermost 5-foot sample advanced within the To determine presence sample interval EPA SOPs 4230.03, EPA SOPs intervals from building footprints and concentrations of only), 4230.07, and 85 Soil surface to water 3230.16, (Buildings 1-5, VOCs, PCBs, pesticides, organochlorine table (20 to 25 4231.2012 3240.02 Maintenance Building, herbicides, and dioxin pesticides, and feet bgs) and Production Building) chlorinated herbicides. South Pond Area 8 samples evenly spaced VOCs, PCBs, To determine presence around the EPA SOPs organochlorine perimeter of the and concentrations of 10 Sediment South Pond pesticides, and EPA SOP 4232.2016 3230.16, VOCs, PCBs, pesticides, pond and 2 3240.02 chlorinated and herbicides samples from herbicides the submerged area of the pond VOCs, PCBs, To determine presence Inlet and outfall organochlorine EPA SOPs and concentrations of 2 South Pond EPA SOP 4232.2013 3230.16, Surface Water sides of the pesticides, and VOCs, PCBs, pesticides, pond chlorinated 3240.02 and herbicides herbicides

			Table 1: Sample Su	mmary (Continue	ed)		
No. of Samples	Matrix	Location	Purpose	Depth or other Descriptor	Requested Analysis	Sampling Methods	Analytical Method
			QC Si	imples			
			Dupl	icates			
2	Wipe samples	Field Duplicates – Building Materials samples	To assess precision of analytical and sampling methods	Building structural members	PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides	EPA SOP 4231.2011	EPA SOP 3240.02
1	Concrete Samples	Field Duplicate – Concrete Sample	To assess precision of analytical and sampling methods	Concrete	PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides	EPA SOPs4231.2011 (modified)	EPA SOPs 3240.02
Up to 5	Soil	Field Duplicates – DPT soil borings	To assess precision of analytical and sampling methods	5-foot sample intervals from surface to water table (20 to 25) feet bgs	VOCs, PCBs, dioxin, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	EPA SOPs 4230.03, 4230.07, and 4231.2012	EPA SOPs 3240.02
1	Sediment	Field Duplicate – South Pond	To assess precision of analytical and sampling methods	NA	VOCs, PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	EPA SOP 4232.2016	EPA SOPs 3230.16, 3240.02
1	Surface water	Field Duplicate – South Pond	To assess precision of analytical and sampling methods	NA	VOCs, PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	EPA SOP 4232.2013	EPA SOPs 3230.13, 3240.02, 3250.04
			Bla	nks			
1	Water	Equipment rinsate blank	Evaluate decontamination procedures	NA	VOCs, PCBs, dioxin, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	NA	EPA SOPs 3230.13, 3240.02
1	Water	Field blank	Assess field-introduced and lab-introduced contamination	NA	VOCs, PCBs, dioxin, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	NA	EPA SOPs 3230.13, 3240.02
1	Water	Trip blank	Assess transportation- introduced contamination	NA	VOCs	NA	EPA SOP 3230. 13

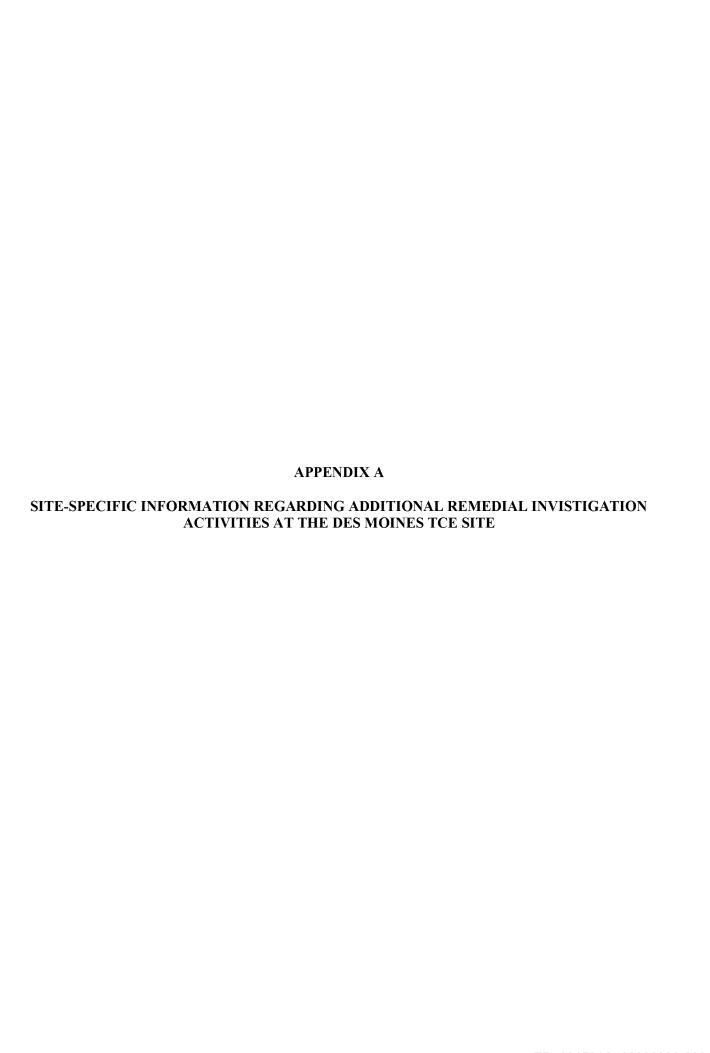
Location: Des Moines, IA

#### Table 2: Data Quality Objectives Summary

Site Name: Des Moines TCE Site

START Project Manager: Mike Williams Activity/ASR #: To be determined Date: May 2016

START Project Manager: Mike williams				Activity/ASK	#: 10 be determined	May 2018		
Analysis	Analytical	Data Quality Measurements					Sample Handling	Data Management
Analysis	Method	Accuracy	Precision	Representativeness	Completeness	Comparability	Procedures	Procedures
				Wipe Samples	•			
PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides	See Table 1	Per analytical method	Per analytical method	Judgmental sampling based on professional judgment of the sampling team	100%; No specific critical samples have been identified.	Standardized procedures for sample collection and analysis will be used.	See Section 2.3 of QAPP form.	See Section 2.10 of QAPP form.
				Building Materials S	amples			
PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides	See Table 1	Per analytical method	Per analytical method	Judgmental sampling based on professional judgment of the sampling team	100%; No specific critical samples have been identified.	Standardized procedures for sample collection and analysis will be used.	See Section 2.3 of QAPP form.	See Section 2.10 of QAPP form.
				Concrete Samp	les			
PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides	See Table 1	Per analytical method	Per analytical method	Judgmental sampling based on professional judgment of the sampling team	100%; No specific critical samples have been identified.	Standardized procedures for sample collection and analysis will be used.	See Section 2.3 of QAPP form.	See Section 2.10 of QAPP form.
				Soil Samples				
VOCs, PCBs, dioxin, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	See Table 1	Per analytical method	Per analytical method	Judgmental sampling based on professional judgment of the sampling team	100%; No specific critical samples have been identified.	Standardized procedures for sample collection and analysis will be used.	See Section 2.3 of QAPP form.	See Section 2.10 of QAPP form.
				Sediment Samp	les	Creat II		
VOCs, PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	See Table 1	Per analytical method	Per analytical method	Judgmental sampling based on professional judgment of the sampling team	100%; No specific critical samples have been identified.	Standardized procedures for sample collection and analysis will be used.	See Section 2.3 of QAPP form.	See Section 2.10 of QAPP form.
				Surface Wate	•			The state of the s
VOCs, PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides	See Table 1	Per analytical method	Per analytical method	Judgmental sampling based on professional judgment of the sampling team	100%; No specific critical samples have been identified.	Standardized procedures for sample collection and analysis will be used.	See Section 2.3 of QAPP form.	See Section 2.10 of QAPP form.



#### INTRODUCTION

The Tetra Tech, Inc. (Tetra Tech) Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team (START) has been tasked by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 7 Superfund Division, under contract number EP-S7-13-06, to support an update of a feasibility study (FS) that will require additional investigative sampling. Purposes of the investigation are to (1) assess impacts on soil, sediment, and surface water at the site; and (2) assess remaining buildings hazardous substances in anticipation of possible building demolition and redevelopment. This investigation will proceed under authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability act of 1980 (CERCLA) and the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization act of 1986 (SARA).

Remedial investigation tasks will include, but not be limited to collections of the following samples for analyses for chemicals of concern (COC):

Wipe samples from building surfaces
Concrete core samples from building foundations and slabs
Sub-slab soil samples (by use of Geoprobe® direct-push technology [DPT])
Building material samples
Soil/sediment samples from the South Pond
Surface water samples from the South Pond.

This Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) identifies site-specific features and addresses elements of the sampling strategy and analytical methods proposed for the investigation.

#### SITE BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Information regarding the site's location and description, and operational and investigative history is as follows:

#### Site Location/Description

The Des Moines Trichloroethene (TCE) site is in south-central Des Moines on the east side of the Raccoon River. The site is mainly associated with a 43-acre property formerly operated by DICO, Inc. (DICO). The DICO site is southwest of the intersection of W. Martin Luther King Jr. Parkway and SW 16<sup>th</sup> Street in Des Moines, Polk County, Iowa (see Appendix B, Figure 1).

The site is in Section 8, Township 78 North, Range 42 West. Geographic coordinates at the approximate center of the site are 41.579293 degrees (°) North latitude and 93.638964° West longitude.

Surface water across the site generally drains from north to south. Surface water also collects in the South Pond and overflows into the east drainage ditch. The southern portion of the site is within the Raccoon River flood plain. The South Pond on the DICO property is a wetland.

Site geology consists of about 50 feet of alluvial sands and gravel, underlain by about 500 feet of shale and limestone. However, the soil profile on the DICO property has been altered by use of fill material to raise the elevation above flood elevations. The saturated zone begins at a depth of about 20 feet below ground surface (bgs). Natural groundwater flow direction at the site follows regional groundwater flow patterns paralleling the Raccoon River toward the south-southeast.

#### Site Operational and Investigative History

For approximately 40 years, the DICO property was used for a variety of industrial uses/operations that included steel wheel manufacturing, chemical and herbicide distribution, and pesticide formulation processes. Supporting these activities were a grey iron foundry and a steel wheels manufacturing plant. Releases during DICO's operations at the site included the following: TCE, 1,2-dichloroethene (DCE), and vinyl chloride to groundwater; residual pesticides and metals to shallow soils; and pesticides within buildings, to soils on the southern end of the property, and within drainage areas. The site has been divided into four operable units (OU):

OU 1 – groundwater TCE plume on the DICO property
$OU\ 2-$ originated as source soils associated with TCE groundwater contamination, but later focused on residual pesticides and metals in shallow soils
OU 3 – a source area of tetrachloroethene (PCE) groundwater contamination north of DICO
OU 4 – pesticides in buildings and soil on the southern end of the DICO property (a.k.a., South Pond Area [SPA]), and in drainage areas of the DICO property.

A groundwater pump and treat (P&T) system has operated at the site since 1987. Since that time, the groundwater plume has been effectively contained on the DICO property. Currently, three extraction wells and an air stripper are in operation. DICO continues to operate and maintain the groundwater P&T system.

Discovery that pesticides and metals in soils presented a health threat occurred during investigation of the OU2 area as a possible source of the groundwater contamination. The same pesticides and metals were also found in OU4 soils and buildings. A series of removal actions in the early 1990s addressed the pesticides and metals in soils and the buildings by cleaning the building surfaces and applying epoxy paint, and by constructing an asphalt cap on most of the DICO property. In March 1994, EPA signed a Unilateral Administrative Order (UAO) to address contamination associated with various interior portions of the DICO Building 1 through 5 and the Maintenance Building. In 1996, EPA signed a Record of Decision (ROD) for OU2 and OU4 calling for continued maintenance of the asphalt cap and building encapsulation actions, and institutional controls to maintain an industrial land use (EPA, 1996). Action levels were set at industrial levels because property use was expected to remain industrial. DICO continues to maintain the asphalt cap. Maintenance requirements for the buildings were reduced when DICO ceased operations inside the buildings. In 2007, DICO erected a 6-foot chain link security fence around much of its property to reduce vandalism of the buildings. Also, DICO dismantled the Maintenance Building and Buildings 4 and 5 without prior notification to EPA, which resulted in improper disposal of polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB)-contaminated insulation.

In 2015, EPA performed a screening level ecological risk assessment of the SPA as part of OU4. Sediment and surface water samples were collected. A potential significant risk was determined due to presence of pesticides and PCBs. As a result, EPA is changing the protectiveness statement regarding the site in the 2013 Five-Year Review from "deferred" to "not protective." EPA is suggesting a human health assessment due to potential exposure of the homeless community that has resided on site.

The Des Moines Water Works (DMWW), which supplies potable water to the City of Des Moines, is immediately across the Raccoon River west of the DICO property. The design objective for the on-site groundwater extraction system is to prevent TCE-impacted groundwater from migrating beneath the Raccoon River and entering areas used by the DMWW on the west side.

#### CURRENT AND ENVISIONED USES OF THE DICO PROPERTY

Manufacturing operations at the site have been discontinued. Currently, the DICO property is used only for operating and maintaining the OU1 groundwater extraction and treatment system, maintaining the asphalt cap, and maintaining the buildings pursuant to the UAO and implementation of an Operation and Maintenance Plan for the buildings. The DICO property is fenced, and the site owner provides site security.

Land use within the area surrounding DICO is changing. Much of this surrounding area has been rezoned. For several years, Des Moines has been planning a major redevelopment project in the River Point West area east of the DICO property. EPA supports redevelopment of the DICO property, and envisions a wide variety of possible uses, assuming the following: (1) the groundwater P&T system continues to operate effectively, (2) protective measures are in place to prevent exposure to contaminated soils and contamination in buildings, and (3) contamination on and under the remaining pads from demolished buildings, and contamination in the remaining buildings are fully characterized and addressed. To these ends, this investigation will include sampling of the buildings and SPA that will support development of a reasonable cost estimate for building demolition, and a risk assessment of the SPA to support an amendment to the ROD.

#### SAMPLING STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Tetra Tech START will collect the following samples within current and former building areas: dust wipes from building structural components, bulk samples of building materials, concrete core samples, and subsurface soil samples. Also, sediment and surface water samples will be collected within the SPA.

Initiation of sampling and assessment activities is tentatively scheduled for early June 2016, and will require two or three START sampling personnel and a DPT rig operator. Field activities are expected to take approximately 1 week.

A summary of all anticipated samples for this project is in Table 1 of the attached QAPP form. The standard operating procedures (SOP) and chain-of-custody procedures referenced in the QAPP will be followed throughout sampling activities to verify integrity of the samples from time of collection until submittal to the laboratory for analyses. Samples will be delivered to the EPA Region 7 laboratory in Kansas City, Kansas and a START-subcontracted analytical laboratory, for analyses according to the SOPs and methods referenced or described in the QAPP.

Descriptions of the sampling strategy and procedures are as follows:

#### **Dust Wipe Sampling**

Approximately three to four wipe samples per building (Buildings 1, 2, 3, and the Production Building) will be collected from building foundation structures such as concrete slab floors, structural steel beams for analyses for PCBs, dioxin, and organochlorine pesticides. Approximately 20 additional samples will be collected in the Production Building. The wipe samples will be collected by use of sterile gauze pads, which will be wetted with a solvent (e.g., hexane) recommended by the receiving laboratory. Each wipe

sample will be collected from a 100-square-centimeter area and placed into a jar with a Teflon-lined lid. Three wipes per sample location will be submitted to the EPA Region 7 laboratory in Kansas City, Kansas, for analyses for PCBs and organochlorine pesticides. Wipe samples for dioxin analysis will be submitted to a START-subcontracted analytical laboratory.

#### **Building Material Sampling**

Approximately three to four building material samples per building (Buildings 1, 2, 3, and the Production Building) will be collected from insulation, wood, brick, etc. Approximately 20 additional samples will be collected in the Production Building. Building material samples will be collected by use of a knife, chisel, hammer, or other appropriate hand tools, and will be placed into sample containers. Four 4-ounce jars per sample will be submitted to the EPA Region 7 laboratory in Kansas City, Kansas, for analyses for PCBs and organochlorine pesticides. Building material samples for dioxin analysis will be submitted to a START-subcontracted analytical laboratory.

#### **Concrete Sampling**

At two to four locations per building (current and former), samples of concrete building foundation slabs will be collected by use of a DPT rig equipped with a hammer drill attachment. Sample locations will be selected generally based on even spatial coverage of the concrete slab areas and not based on any specific suspect areas in each building. Each sample of concrete chips and dust will be placed into four 4-ounce jars and submitted to the EPA Region 7 laboratory in Kansas City, Kansas, for analyses for PCBs and organochlorine pesticides. Concrete samples for dioxin analysis will be submitted to a START-subcontracted analytical laboratory.

#### **DPT Sub-slab Soil Sampling**

To assess distribution of COCs in sub-slab and subsurface soils, soil borings will be advanced at 17 locations (2 to 4 per building location). These boring locations will coincide with the concrete coring locations discussed above. Proposed sample locations are depicted on Figure 2 in Appendix B. At each location, continuous soil borings will be advanced by use of a Geoprobe DPT rig equipped with a Macro-Core sampler to top of water table, anticipated at 20 to 25 feet bgs. Upon retrieval of soils from borings, the START contractor will screen soils for volatile organics by use of a hand-held photoionization detector (PID). Samples will be collected from each boring every 5 feet within a 2-foot interval exhibiting the highest recorded PID reading or visually apparent staining. If no visual anomalies or elevated PID readings are observed, grab samples will be collected every 5 feet (0-2', 5-7', 10'-12', etc.)

from beneath the concrete slab to the water table. Sampling interval selection will depend on observations at the site by field personnel, and may be adjusted, if deemed appropriate. PID readings, observed staining, and soil lithology will be recorded on boring logs.

Grab soil samples will be placed into four 40-milliliter (ml) vials, following EPA Region 7 SOP 4230.03; these samples will be submitted for analysis for volatile organic compounds (VOC) via EPA Method 5035. The remaining soil will be removed from the sampler and placed in a disposable aluminum pie pan or plastic bag for homogenization, and then transferred to three 4-ounce jars. Soil samples will be submitted to EPA Region 7 laboratory in Kansas City, Kansas for analyses for PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides. Soil samples from the shallow sample interval (0-2') from each boring location will be submitted to a START-subcontracted analytical laboratory for dioxin analysis.

Pertinent data, including analyses to be performed and exact sample locations, will be recorded on field sheets for each sample. All soil samples will be stored in coolers maintained at or below a temperature of 4 degrees Celsius ( $\Box$ C) pending submittal to the analytical laboratories.

#### **Surface Water/Sediment Sampling**

Tetra Tech proposes to collect 10 sediment samples within the SPA. Eight of the locations will be evenly spaced around the perimeter of the pond, and two sediment samples will be collected from submerged areas of the pond. Additionally, two surface water samples, one each from the inlet and outfall of the pond, will be collected.

Sediment samples from the pond will be collected within the top 6 inches of pond sediment by use of a hand-held bucket auger or other suitable sediment sampling device and then distributed with the aid of disposable stainless steel spoons. Field personnel will attempt to collected sediment samples from submerged areas of the pond by wading into the pond while wearing chest waders. Health and safety protocols will limit the sampling to submerged areas not greater than waist deep water. Each grab sample collected for VOCs analysis will be placed in four 40-ml glass vials. The remaining sediment will be placed in a disposable aluminum pie pan or plastic bags for homogenization, and then transferred to three 4-ounce jars. These samples will be submitted for PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides analyses.

Surface water samples collected for VOCs analysis will be collected into three 40-ml vials preserved with HCl. Water samples collected for analysis of PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, organophosphorus pesticides, and herbicides will be collected in two 1-liter amber glass bottles. Sediment and surface water

samples will be submitted to the EPA Region 7 laboratory for analyses for VOCs, PCBs, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides.

Pertinent data, including analyses to be performed and exact sample locations, will be recorded on field sheets for each sample. All sediment/water samples will be stored in coolers maintained at or below a temperature of 4  $\square$ C pending submittal to the EPA Region 7 laboratory.

#### **QUALITY CONTROL**

To evaluate sample quality control (QC), one equipment rinsate blank (water), one field blank (water), and one trip blank (water) will be collected, as specified in Section 2.5 of the QAPP form. The equipment and field blanks will be submitted for analysis for VOCs, PCBs, dioxin, organochlorine pesticides, and chlorinated herbicides. The trip blank sample will be submitted for analysis of VOCs.

To assess decontamination procedures applied to Geoprobe soil sampling equipment, the equipment rinsate sample will be collected during the course of field activities (as determined by the START Project Manager) following decontamination of the Geoprobe sampler. Decontamination of the Geoprobe sampler and rods will proceed by use of a tap water and Alconox wash and tap water rinse. Following decontamination, the equipment rinsate sample will be collected by pouring deionized water, supplied by the EPA Region 7 laboratory, through the groundwater sampling apparatus and into the appropriate sample containers.

The field blank sample will be collected during the sampling event to assess field and/or laboratory-introduced contamination. The field blank sample will be prepared by START field sampling personnel by pouring deionized water, supplied by the EPA Region 7 laboratory, directly into the sample containers.

The water trip blank sample, prepared by the EPA Region 7 laboratory, will accompany (and be submitted with) the samples. Results from analyses of the trip blank samples will determine whether any cross-contamination of samples will have occurred during sample shipment.

Field duplicate samples of wipe samples, concrete samples, soil samples, sediment samples, and surface water samples will be submitted at a frequency of at least 5 percent of lab-submitted samples (1 duplicate per 20 samples of each matrix submitted to the lab) to assess total method precision. The higher concentration of each analyte in each duplicate sample pair will be used at the discretion of the EPA Project Manager. Analytical accuracy will be determined via analysis of laboratory-prepared spikes and duplicates.

#### INVESTIGATION-DERIVED WASTES

Disposal of investigation-derived wastes (IDW) and procedures for equipment and personal decontamination will be addressed in a site-specific health and safety plan prepared by Tetra Tech START. IDW is expected to consist of disposable sampling supplies (gloves, paper towels, pie pans, etc.) that will be disposed of off-site as uncontaminated solid waste.

#### ANALYTICAL METHODS

An Analytical Services Request (ASR) form will be completed by START and submitted to the EPA Region 7 laboratory and the START-subcontracted analytical laboratory prior to field activities. Appropriate containers and physical and chemical preservation techniques will be employed during field activities to help verify acquisition of representative analytical results. Standard detection limits and 30-day turnaround times are appropriate for this project. All analyses will accord with the SOPs and methods referenced or described in this QAPP.

#### **REFERENCES**

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 1996. EPA Superfund Record of Decision, Des Moines TCE, EPA ID: IAD980687933, OU 02, 04, Des Moines, IA. December 13.

APPENDIX B

**FIGURES** 

